NPDES QUICK-TIPS GUIDE

I have an NPDES; what does that mean?

NPDES stands for National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System. It is a special type of Home Sewage Treatment System (HSTS) that is issued a permit through the Ohio EPA to discharge treated wastewater, or effluent, directly into a public waterway (a creek, ditch, storm drain etc.). It is therefore critical that your NPDES tank completely treats your wastewater before it is released. Due to the higher risk of water pollution, your system has been specially designed and lab tested to reach a state-wide treatment standard. In order to achieve this higher level of treatment, however, your system contains more mechanical components than a conventional system (eg. a septic tank to leach lines). Because of its complexity, your system requires annual sampling, more frequent maintenance, and cautious use by the homeowner. If, in any given year, your sample results do not conform to the state-set standard, it could be due to several factors including both mechanical issues and/or overloading of the system. See reverse for possible causes of non-compliant sample results and advice on maintenance and simple lifestyle changes that could improve the functioning of your system.

GRAB SAMPLES



The Ohio EPA requires that your system be sampled once a year to determine if it is compliant with the effluent discharge requirements. This sample is called a grab sample since it is simply "grabbed" from a free flowing sample port, instead of taken several times over a longer period of time (composite sample). While the grab sample can provide some limited information about how the system was functioning at the specific time and date that it was taken, it cannot provide a broader context for how the system is operating over time, nor can it diagnose what exactly is causing any potential issues. Your annual sample results do not necessarily represent typical functioning of your system, but they can be an indication that a component could be malfunctioning or that you might be overloading the system.

NPDES QUICK-TIPS CHART Test Performed: Must be: Tests for: **Common Causes of Failure: Common Corrections:** Total Suspended ≤ 18 mg/L Solids suspended in the • Excessive accumulation of solids Pump your tank Solids (TSS) discharging effluent; the in tank is allowing overflow to • Minimize use of garbage tank should be retaining discharge disposal/don't flush coffee the vast majority of • Surface water contaminants are grounds solids. entering system • Install/Repair Risers/Lids to • Hydraulic Overloading is pushing prevent water infiltration wastewater through system too • Disconnect gutters & storm quickly for proper solids settling crocks from system Nitrogen as <u>Summer</u> A toxic water quality Insufficient oxygen supply • Clean/Repair Aeration Ammonia (NH₃) Sample: pollutant. High components • Use of harsh chemicals ≤ 2 mg/L concentrations result • Minimize use of strong acids, • Insufficient contact time when bacteria are not bases, or toxic chemicals properly treating Hydraulic Overloading **Winter** • Spread out water usage wastewater due to Too much/too little waste; Sample: unfavorable conditions possibly due to vacancy ≤ 4.5 mg/L in the tank. Dissolved ≥ 6 mg/L Amount of oxygen • Fix/clean aeration and/or • Aeration component is not Oxygen (DO) available for bacteria to working properly or is partially re-aeration component(s) treat wastewater. clogged causing insufficient air • Minimize use of laundry output into wastewater detergent or fabric softeners • Mechanism for re-aeration prior high in lanolin, which cause to discharge is not working slime clogs in aeration tubes • Heavy loading of system with • Disconnect water softener fats, oils, greases, creams/sugars discharge from system E. coli ≤ 410 Bacteria found in human • Disinfection Component (either • Clean, Repair, or Replace UV CFU/ (Measured in waste; at high concen-UV bulb or chemical dispenser) is bulb **Colony Forming** 100 mL trations it can make ineffective • Add Approved Disinfection Units, or CFU) people sick. Hydraulic Overloading Chemicals ***Most important test • Spread out water usage for your direct health.

